

LINCOLNSHIRE HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

Open Report on behalf of the Lincolnshire Clinical Commissioning Groups

Report to Lincolnshire Health and Wellbeing Board

Date: 6 December 2016

Subject: Lincolnshire CCGs Draft Joint Operational Plan:

Lincolnshire East CCG, Lincolnshire West CCG, South

Lincolnshire CCG, South West Lincolnshire CCG.

Summary:

NHS England published planning guidance in September 2016 bringing the NHS planning cycle forward by 3 months this year, and requiring CCGs to align operational planning to years 2 & 3 of the local Sustainability and Transformation Plan (STP).

Lincolnshire has worked together more closely than ever in the past 3 years to develop the Lincolnshire Health and Care Programme; our Blueprint for future health and care services in Lincolnshire and our new model of care. The development of the Sustainability and Transformation Plan (STP) over the last year has built on this strong foundation and is a major milestone in a very complex and extensive programme of work. Our Sustainability and Transformation Plan has been developed by the whole Lincolnshire system. It covers the underpinning changes that have been required to enable us to develop the plan and become ready for implementation, including how organisations and leaders:

- Have changed their awareness and understanding of challenges,
- Have developed a changed approach to leadership,
- Have changed behaviours in the past year
- Have developed a different and shared understanding of the solutions.

The Joint Draft Lincolnshire CCG Operational Plan 2017-19 forms years 2-3 of the STP and translates our strategic STP into a delivery plan; turning solutions into reality. Like our STP, our two year operational plans have also been developed by cross organisational working; for the first time

all seven NHS organisations have come together to agree these operational plans. The STP assumptions for activity, finance and workforce modelling as well as the STP critical path have been further developed for our operational plan(s) so we have collective understanding of what is required and how and when we are going to deliver it. Our two year operational plans will start to make the STP "business as usual" and deliver this complex and challenging improvement programme.

To support delivery of the STP we are developing principles of planning and contracting including dispute resolution that will be used to support some of the difficult decisions to be made during the lifecycle of this operational plan and assist us to mitigate risk so enhancing our opportunities for success.

In addition to being held to account for delivery of the STP the CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework provides the framework by which CCGs performance will be monitored during the life cycle of the operational plan. The table below provides an overview of current performance against the CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework.

	Area	IAF Target	Period	Eng Avg Nat Std	Lincs STP	LE	LW	SWL	SL	Better is
Better Health	Smoking	Maternal smoking at delivery	Q1 16/17	10.2%	11.0%	12.7%	12.7%	10.1%	7.0%	4
	Child obesity	Children 10-11 overweight or obese	2014-15	33.2%	33.3%	38.3%	31.1%	28.2%	33.6%	+
	Diabetes	Achieved all three of the NICE treatment targets	2014-15	39.8%	38.4%	39.3%	39.7%	34.7%	37.8%	↑
		Diagnosed < 1 yr attend a structured education course	2014-15	5.7%	16.1%	15.9%	20.6%	14.3%	9.3%	↑
	Falls	Injuries in people aged 65+ per 100,000 popn	Mar-16	2,014		1,663	1,625	1,832	2,200	+
	Personalisation and choice	Utilisation of the NHS e-referral service	Jul-16	52.0%		73.0%	73.2%	76.5%	62.1%	↑
		Personal health budgets per 100,000 popn	Q1 16/17	11.3	23.4	21.6	29.7	24.1	16.5	↑
		% deaths which take place in hospital	Q4 15/16	47.0%	47.0%	48.6%	45.2%	43.5%	49.4%	Ψ.
		People with a LTC feeling supported	2016	64.3%		64.8%	65.3%	64.8%	68.0%	1
	Health inequalities	Inequality in avoidable chronic ACS emergency admissions	Q4 15/16	929		700	676	543	684	+
	r lealth inequalities	Inequality in emergency admissions for urgent care sensitive conditions	Q4 15/16	2,168		1,539	1,495	1,203	1,472	Ψ
	Anti-microbial	Appropriate prescribing of antibiotics in primary care	Jul-16	1.07		1.18	1.07	1.04	1.14	+
	resistance	Prescribing of broad spectrum antibiotics in primary care	Jul-16	9.3%		10.8%	11.3%	10.6%	10.2%	Ψ
	Carers	Quality of life of carers - health status score (EQ5D)	2016	80.0%		76.2%	78.1%	73.3%	77.9%	↑
	Care ratings	Use of high quality providers			in deve	lopment				
	Cancer	Cancers diagnosed at early stage	2014	50.7%	39.0%	36.5%	33.3%	42.8%	48.3%	↑
		Cancer 62 days first definitive treatement standard	Aug-16	85.0%	77.1%	75.7%	84.2%	72.2%	73.7%	↑
		One-year survival from all cancers	2013	70.2%		68.8%	69.9%	69.3%	71.1%	↑
		Cancer patient experience	2015	8.68		8.52	8.37	8.56	8.91	↑
	Mental Health	Improving Access to Psychological Therapies recovery rate	Jun-16	50.0%	55.3%	53.2%	53.1%	62.1%	56.9%	↑
		1st episode of psychosis < 2 weeks of referral	Jul-16	50.0%	94.4%	100%	85.7%	100%	88.9%	↑
		CYPMH services transformation				50%	50%	50%	50%	↑
		Crisis care and liaison MH transformation				60%	60%	60%	60%	↑
are		Out of area placements (inpatient) - transformation				25%	25%	25%	25%	↑
C	Learning Disability	LD and/or autism specialist inpatient care (per million)	Q1 16/17	58.2		67.0	67.0	67.0	67.0	+
Better		LD annual health check	2014-15	47.0%		47.0%	25.0%	46.0%	32.0%	↑
	Maternity	Neonatal mortality and stillbirths per 1,000 births	2014-15	7.1	6.4	6.5	4.2	8.5	8.3	+
		Women's experience of maternity services	2015	80.3		83.2	80.8	73.8	82.4	↑
		Choices in maternity services	2015	65.6		68.0	61.9	63.7	65.4	↑
	Dementia	Estimated diagnosis rate for people with dementia	Aug-16	67.0%	64.2%	64.1%	63.5%	56.8%	71.1%	↑
		Dementia care planning and post-diagnostic support	2014/15	77.0%	78.8%	75.1%	77.8%	82.6%	82.7%	↑
	Urgent & Emergency Care	Milestones delivery of an integrated urgent care service	Aug-16	8		1	1	1	1	↑
		Emergency admissions rate for urgent care sensitive conditions	Q4 15/16	2,359		2,054	2,111	1,772	1,929	Ψ.
		A&E 4 hour standard	Aug-16	95%	87.2%	88.2%	87.6%	78.2%	89.9%	1
		Ambulance Cat A RED 1 standard		75%	63.1%	52.4%	75.8%	77.3%	55.6%	↑
		DToC attributable to the NHS and Social Care per 100,000	Aug-16	14.1	15.9	16.0	15.4	16.2	16.3	Ψ
		Emergency bed days per 1,000 population	Q4 15/16	1.0		0.9	0.9	8.0	0.9	4

			Clinical Commissioing Group									
	Area	IAF Target	Period	Eng Avg Nat Std	Lincs STP	LE	LW	SWL	SL	Better is		
Better Care cont		Emergency admissions for chronic ACS conditions	Q4 15/16	795		731.2	670.3	656.5	672.1	Ψ		
	Primary Medical	Patient experience of GP services	H1 2016	85.2%	85.4%	82.5%	88.5%	84.6%	86.0%	1		
	Care	Primary care access (evening/weekend)	in development									
		Workforce - GPs and practice nurses per 1,000 popn	H1 2016	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.3	1		
	Elective Access	18 week RTT standard	Aug-16	92%	91.0%	90.7%	89.5%	90.8%	94.0%	1		
	7 Day Services	Achievement of clinical standards in delivery of 7 day (consultant) services	in development									
	NHS Continuing Healthcare	Eligible for standard NHS Continuing Healthcare per 50,000 popn	Q1 16/17	46.0	63.4	64.5	59.7	63.7	66.6	↑		
Sustainability	Financial	Financial plan	2016			Amber	Green	Green	Green	1		
	sustainability	In year financial performance	Q1 16/17			Red	Amber	Green	Amber	<u> </u>		
	Allocative efficiency	Expenditure in areas with identified scope for improvement	in development									
	(C4V)	Outcomes in areas with identified scope for improvement	Q1 16/17	58.3%		66.7%	wave 2	66.7%	wave 2	1		
	New models of care	Adoption of new models of care	in development									
	Paper-free at the	Local digital roadmap in place				Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	1		
	point of care	Digital interactions between primary and secondary care	Q2 16/17	62.4%		71.0%	72.2%	70.3%	59.9%	1		
	Estates strategy	Local strategic estates plan (SEP) in place	2016-17			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	1		
Well Led	STP	Sustainability and Transformation Plan	in development									
	Probity & corporate governance	Managing Conflicts of Interest	in development									
	Workforce	Staff engagement index	2015	3.8		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	1		
	engagement	Progress against Workforce Race Equality Standard	2015	0.2		0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	¥		
	CCGs' local relationships	Effectiveness of working relationships in the local system	2015-16	69.1		68.3	62.0	78.6	63.9	↑		
	Quality of leadership	Quality of CCG leadership	Q1 16/17			Green	Green	Green	Green	↑		
	Area	STP Target	Period	Eng Avg Nat Std	Lincs STP	LE	LW	SWL	SL	Better is		

Our joint operational plan must ensure we continue to deliver core NHS Constitution and associated standards within the Improvement and Assessment Framework. Where we are not achieving we have developed improvement trajectories and improvement plans to achieve core standards. These improvement plans will focus on short term improvement whilst longer term strategic change programmes forming part of the STP, will ensure longer term sustainable delivery of NHS standards is achieved. The 3 top priority improvement plans that all 4 CCGs will focus on over the next 2 years are:

- A & E four hour wait standard
- Referral to Treatment 18 week standard
- NHS Constitution standards for cancer

Appendix A Lincolnshire CCGs Draft Joint Operational Plan on a Page provides a summary of our plan.

Actions Required:

The Health and Wellbeing Board is asked to note the Lincolnshire CCGs Draft Joint Operational Plan on a Page 2017-19

Background

NHS England CCGs requires CCGs to submit final Operational Plans on 23 December 2016 alongside finalising contract negotiations with providers. Operational plans form the basis of year 2 and 3 of the STP. STPs are more than just plans. They represent a different way of working, with partnership behaviours becoming the new norm. What makes most sense for patients, communities and the taxpayer should always trump the narrower interests of individual organisations. This means improving and investing in preventative, primary and community based care. It means creating new relationships with patients and communities, seeing the totality of health and care in identifying solutions, using social care and wider services to support improved productivity and quality as well as people's wellbeing.

There are 9 'must do's' outlined in the planning guidance for 2017-19.

- 1. Deliver years 2 and 3 of the STP.
- 2. Financial balance: Deliver individual CCG and NHS provider organisational control totals, and achieve local system financial control totals.
- 3. Deliver the 5 Year forward View for Primary Care to ensure sustainability of general practice and develop primary care at scale.
- 4. Urgent and emergency care: Deliver the four hour A&E standard, and standards for ambulance response times and meet the four priority standards for seven-day hospital services for all urgent network specialist services. Implement the Urgent and Emergency Care Review. Deliver a reduction in the proportion of ambulance 999 calls that result in avoidable transportation to an A&E department. Initiate cross-system approach to prepare for forthcoming waiting time standard for urgent care for those in a mental health crisis.
- 5. Elective Care: Deliver the NHS Constitution standard that more than 92% of patients on non-emergency pathways wait no more than 18 weeks from referral to treatment (RTT). Deliver patient choice of first outpatient appointment, and achieve 100% of use of e-referrals. Streamline elective care pathways. Implement the national maternity services review, Better Births, through local maternity systems.

- 6. Cancer: Implement the Cancer Taskforce Report. Deliver the NHS Constitution 62 day cancer standard, including by securing adequate diagnostic capacity, and the other NHS Constitution cancer standards. Make progress in improving one-year survival rates by delivering a year-on-year improvement in the proportion of cancers diagnosed at stage one and stage two; and reducing the proportion of cancers diagnosed following an emergency admission. Ensure stratified follow up pathways for breast cancer patients are rolled out and prepare to roll out for other cancer types. Ensure all elements of the Recovery Package are commissioned.
- 7. Deliver the implementation plan for the Mental Health Five Year Forward View for all ages, including: Additional psychological therapies so that at least 19% of people with anxiety and depression access treatment, with the majority of the increase from the baseline of 15% to be integrated with primary care. More highquality mental health services for children and young people, so that at least 32% of children with a diagnosable condition are able to access evidence-based services; Expand capacity so that more than 53% of people experiencing a first episode of psychosis begin treatment with a NICE-recommended package of care within two weeks of referral. Increase access to individual placement support for people with severe mental illness in secondary care services. Commission community eating disorder teams so that 95% of children and young people receive treatment within four weeks of referral. Reduce suicide rates by 10% against the 2016/17 baseline. Ensure delivery of the mental health access and quality standards. Increase baseline spend on mental health to deliver the Mental Health Investment Standard. Maintain a dementia diagnosis rate of at least two thirds of estimated local prevalence, and have due regard to the forthcoming NHS implementation guidance on dementia focusing on post-diagnostic care and support. Eliminate out of area placements for non-specialist acute care by 2020/21.
- 8. Deliver Transforming Care Partnership plans with local government partners, enhancing community provision for people with learning disabilities and/or autism. Reduce inpatient bed capacity by March 2019 to 10-15 in CCG-commissioned beds per million population. Improve access to healthcare for people with learning disability so that by 2020, 75% of people on a GP register are receiving an annual health check. Reduce premature mortality by improving access to health services, education and training of staff, and by making necessary reasonable adjustments for people with a learning disability and/or autism.
- 9. Quality: All NHS organisations should implement plans to improve quality of care, particularly for organisations in special measures. Drawing on the National Quality Board's resources, measure and improve efficient use of staffing resources to ensure safe, sustainable and productive services. Participate in the annual publication of findings from reviews of deaths, to include the annual publication of avoidable death rates, and actions they have taken to reduce deaths related to problems in healthcare.

2. Conclusion

The Draft Joint CCG Operational Plan for 2017-19 is built on the Lincolnshire Sustainability and Transformation Plan and signals a significant shift in the way healthcare is planned and delivered across Lincolnshire. Over the next 2 years implementing the joint operational plan will require partners to work collaboratively at pace and scale to deliver sustainable services for the people of Lincolnshire.

3. Consultation

In line with the STP critical path there are elements of the plan that require formal consultation. For those elements formal consultation will commence May 2017.

4. Appendices

These are listed below and attached at the back of the report						
Appendix A	Lincolnshire Draft Joint CCG Operational Plan on a Page					

5. Background Papers

No background papers within Section 100D of the Local Government Act 1972 were used in the preparation of this report.

This report was written by Annette Lumb Head of Planning and Corporate Governance Lincolnshire West CCG (on behalf of Lincolnshire East CCG, Lincolnshire West CCG, South Lincolnshire CCG South West Lincolnshire CCG who can be contacted on (01522 513355)